## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims:**

1-44. (Canceled).

45. (New) A method for measuring the lifetime of objects in a garbage-collected system, the objects organized in a graph structure, the method including:

maintaining a reference count for one or more of the objects, said reference count indicating the number of incoming pointers to each object;

recording a timestamp for an object when said reference count for said object changes; reviewing in reverse chronological order said timestamps for each of said objects which are cyclic garbage, and for each timestamp found:

- 46. (New) The method of claim 45, further including executing a garbage collection, said garbage collection indicating one or more objects which are cyclic garbage.
- 47. (New) The method of claim 45, wherein said timestamp is a counter which is incremented on a pointer store.

- 48. (New) The method of claim 45, wherein the lifetime of an object is the period between the time it is created and the time it dies.
- 49. (New) The method of claim 48, wherein the time an object dies can be traced to the timestamp of when it was indicated the object was dead.
- 50. (New) The method of claim 45, wherein each time a change is made to the graph structure, a record is generated, one field in said record being said timestamp.
- 51. (New) The method of claim 45, further including repeating said reviewing each time a garbage collection is executed.
- 52. (New) The method of claim 46, wherein said executing includes detecting objects which are cyclic garbage by invoking a tracing collector.
- 53. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein said tracing collector is a mark-sweep collector.
- 54. (New) A method for measuring the lifetime of objects in a garbage-collected system, the objects organized in a graph structure, the method including:

recording a timestamp for an object when said reference count for said object is decremented;

executing a garbage collection, said garbage collection indicating one or more objects which are cyclic garbage;

reviewing in reverse chronological order said timestamps for each of said objects, and for each timestamp found:

if said object is cyclic garbage:

- 55. (New) The method of claim 54, wherein said timestamp is a counter which is incremented on every pointer deletion.
- 56. (New) The method of claim 54, wherein the lifetime of an object is the period between the time it is created and the time it dies.
- 57. (New) The method of claim 56, wherein the time an object dies can be traced to the timestamp of when it was indicated the object was dead.
- 58. (New) The method of claim 54, wherein each time a change is made to the graph structure, a record is generated, one field in said record being said timestamp.
- 58. (New) The method of claim 54, further including repeating said reviewing each time a garbage collection is executed.

- 60. (New) The method of claim 54, wherein said executing includes detecting objects which are cyclic garbage by invoking a tracing collector.
- 61. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein said tracing collector is a mark-sweep collector.
- 62. (New) An apparatus for measuring the lifetime of objects in a garbage-collected system, the objects organized in a graph structure, the apparatus including:
  - a memory;
  - a reference count maintainer coupled to said memory;
  - a timestamp recorder coupled to said memory and to said reference count maintainer;
- a reverse chronological order timestamp reviewer coupled to said garbage collector and to said memory, said reverse chronological order timestamp reviewer having a dead timestamp object indicator and a dead reachable object indicator.
- 63. (New) The apparatus of claim 62, wherein said memory includes a counter which is incremented on a pointer store.
- 64. (New) An apparatus for measuring the lifetime of objects in a garbage-collected system, the objects organized in a graph structure, the apparatus including:
  - a memory;
  - a timestamp recorder coupled to said memory;
  - a garbage collector coupled to said memory; and

a reverse chronological order timestamp reviewer coupled to said garbage collector and to said memory, said reverse chronological order timestamp reviewer having a dead timestamp object indicator and a dead reachable object indicator.

- 65. (New) The apparatus of claim 64, wherein said memory includes a counter which is decremented on a pointer deletion.
- 66. (New) The apparatus of claim 64, wherein said garbage collector includes a tracing collector.
- 67. (New) The apparatus of claim 66, wherein said tracing collector is a mark-sweep collector.
- 68. (New) An apparatus for measuring the lifetime of objects in a garbage-collected system, the objects organized in a graph structure, the apparatus including:

means for maintaining a reference count for one or more of the objects, said reference count indicating the number of incoming pointers to each object;

means for recording a timestamp for an object when said reference count for said object changes;

means for reviewing in reverse chronological order said timestamps for each of said objects which are cyclic garbage, and for each timestamp found:

indicating that the object corresponding to said timestamp is dead; and

indicating that any object reachable from said object corresponding to said timestamp is dead.

- 69. (New) The apparatus of claim 68, further including means for executing a garbage collection, said garbage collection indicating one or more objects which are cyclic garbage.
- 70. (New) The apparatus of claim 68, wherein said timestamp is a counter which is incremented on a pointer store.
- 71. (New) The apparatus of claim 68, wherein the lifetime of an object is the period between the time it is created and the time it dies.
- 72. (New) The apparatus of claim 71, wherein the time an object dies can be traced to the timestamp of when it was indicated the object was dead.
- 73. (New) The apparatus of claim 68, wherein each time a change is made to the graph structure, a record is generated, one field in said record being said timestamp.
- 74. (New) The apparatus of claim 68, further including means for repeating said reviewing each time a garbage collection is executed.
- 75. (New) The apparatus of claim 69, wherein said executing includes detecting objects which are cyclic garbage by invoking a tracing collector.

- 76. (New) The apparatus of claim 75, wherein said tracing collector is a mark-sweep collector.
- 77. (New) An apparatus for measuring the lifetime of objects in a garbage-collected system, the objects organized in a graph structure, the apparatus including:

means for recording a timestamp for an object when said reference count for said object is decremented;

means for executing a garbage collection, said garbage collection indicating one or more objects which are cyclic garbage;

means for reviewing in reverse chronological order said timestamps for each of said objects, and for each timestamp found:

if said object is cyclic garbage:

- 78. (New) The apparatus of claim 77, wherein said timestamp is a counter which is incremented on every pointer deletion.
- 79. (New) The apparatus of claim 77, wherein the lifetime of an object is the period between the time it is created and the time it dies.

- 80. (New) The apparatus of claim 79, wherein the time an object dies can be traced to the timestamp of when it was indicated the object was dead.
- 81. (New) The apparatus of claim 77, wherein each time a change is made to the graph structure, a record is generated, one field in said record being said timestamp.
- 82. (New) The apparatus of claim 77, further including means for repeating said reviewing each time a garbage collection is executed.
- 83. (New) The apparatus of claim 77, wherein said means for executing includes means for detecting objects which are cyclic garbage by invoking a tracing collector.
- 84. (New) The apparatus of claim 83, wherein said tracing collector is a mark-sweep collector.
- 85. (New) A program storage device readable by a machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform a method for measuring the lifetime of objects in a garbage-collected system, the objects organized in a graph structure, the method including:

maintaining a reference count for one or more of the objects, said reference count indicating the number of incoming pointers to each object;

recording a timestamp for an object when said reference count for said object changes;

reviewing in reverse chronological order said timestamps for each of said objects which are cyclic garbage, and for each timestamp found:

indicating that the object corresponding to said timestamp is dead; and indicating that any object reachable from said object corresponding to said timestamp is dead.

86. (New) A program storage device readable by a machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform a method for measuring the lifetime of objects in a garbage-collected system, the objects organized in a graph structure, the method including:

recording a timestamp for an object when said reference count for said object is decremented;

executing a garbage collection, said garbage collection indicating one or more objects which are cyclic garbage;

reviewing in reverse chronological order said timestamps for each of said objects, and for each timestamp found:

if said object is cyclic garbage: